A petition from four constables of Kona. Hawaii, for an increase of constables for the There being no further business ready, the

to retail merchandise.

House adjourned. EIGHTEENTH DAY-MAY 22.

Petitions were presented, from Hilo; that the duties of District Attorneys be merged in one person; and for a hospital for that place.

From 13 Catholics of Kohala, Hawaii; to reduce government salaries; to reduce the horse and dog tax; to remove restrictions on awa; to reduce the property tax; to tax school-teachers and ministers; that childless parents help support select schools; for repeal of the stallion law; that persons fifty years of age be exempt from all taxes; to punish with a fine of \$50 exacting tax assessors; to discharge all foreigners in government offices, except the Uhief Justice, Minister of Foreign Relations, and Collector General.

From Honolulu; to increase the pay of Lunakulas; to allow Lunakulas a badge of office; that scholars be not servants to foreigners; and for a District Justice for Honolula.

The following bills were read for the first time : Mr. Dowsett's bill amending the law relating to women becoming pregnant by fornication or adultery; the peddlers' bill, as amended by Mr. Harris, authorizing the Minister of Interior to grant licenses for peddling; Mr. Moku's bill, reducing the tax on stallions to \$5; Mr. Harris' bill reducing the number of persons to be summoned on the jury panels.

Mr. Widemann, from the committee to whom was referred the petition of 11 retail liquor dealers of Honolulu, praying a reduction of \$500 on the cost of their licenses, presented a majority report of the Committee, that it was inexpedient to grant the prayer of the petitioners, for, by the withdrawal of whalers, all classes of the community had suffered equally with the liquor dealers; but the Committee recommended the amending of the law relating to wholesale vending of spirituous liquors, so as to prevent its consumption on the premises of the vendor.

Mr. Rhodes presented a minority report on the same petition, recommending that the prayer of the petitioners be granted, for the reason that when the whaling business was in a flourishing condition, the publicans and hotel-keepers, scarcely more numerous than at present, experienced but little difficulty in paying for their licenses; but that in the present stagnation of business, it was impossible for the petitioners to contribute so large an amount as formerly to the national

Messrs. Rhodes and Nunanu thought the subjeet required the eareful consideration of the House, and wished further debate on it postponed until to-morrow.

Mr. Knudsen took the members to task, that a petition from only 11 distressed liquor dealers should require the weigh'y consideration of the House, while in answer to the prayers of the multitudes of the nation, imploring a repeal of the oppressive taxes imposed on them, the cry among the members was—" put it down"—" lay it on the table"— postpone indefinitely!" Mr. Webster moved to adopt the report of the

majority, stating that he coincided with the views expressed in that report; that he did not see as the falling off of the business of the retail spirit dealers was a-reason for reducing the price of the license; that it was rather a reason for the reduction of the number of licensed houses to such a number as would prove sufficient for the decrease in the business; that he did not look upon it as a necessity for Honolulu, that the present number of licenses to retail spirits should always exist; and further, as the retail dealers paid a large amount for their licenses, he thought they should receive protection, and hence, he approved .. the suggestion in the majority report to prevent the consumption of liquor on the premises of the wholesale dealer.

Mr. Rhodes argued that if the cost of licenses was reduced, new ones would be taken out; but to insist on the present high price of them would close some of the liquor shops, lessen the revenue accraing to the government, and tend to increase the amount of illicit traffic, just as increased duties on goods often encouraged smuggling; that coercive measures were useless; God bad implanted in man a desire for stimulants, and had given him reason by which to control his ap-

Mr. Hitchcock could not see how an increase of the present number of liquor shops would benefit the present necessities and grievances of the petitioners, in short, their want of patronage; it would be impossible to bring back their lost patrons, the whalers; and as to the desire for strong drinks being a divine gift to man, he suggested that it might be one of the tares sown by the enemy in the wheat field.

The petition was tabled by a vote of 19 to 5. The bill to license peddlers was taken up in Committee of the House. Messrs. Kaakua, Kahananui, and Kaauwai were in favor of it; Messrs. Widemann, Nuuanu and Kauhane arguing to the contrary. The subject still pending, the House adjourned.

NINETEENTH DAY-MAY 23. Petitions were presented from Hilo, that two places be appointed for the polls of that district; for a district Judge for Onomea; respecting witnesses in courts; to reduce the pay of constables to S5 per month; and for \$200 for a bridge at Kawainui. From parents of Moanalua, Othu; that the school

for their children be supported by Government. From Kohola, Hawaii, for an act to prevent the spreading of the sheep disease; and that clergymen of every denomination be taxed.

From merchants of Honolulu, against the passage of the law granting peddlers licenses, on the ground that peddling was injurious to the natives, inducing them to run in debt, and impoverish themselves; and that the unlimited credit given would induce laziness and in cases in luce theft, in order to make payments. The petition was ordered to be considered with the peddlers bill now before the House.

Mr. Webster also read an Act amending part 6, of Section 517, of the Civil Code, by striking out the words, "machinery of all kinds, if intended for specific use." Ordered to be engressed.

Mr. Webster also read an Act to admit plate and pig tren duty free. Messrs. Webster and Widemann good New England, the children of the inebriate explained the object of this act; that under existing laws machinery, steam engines, mills, &c., already made, could be imported duty free; but not so the material for making them ; and that the bill was intended to encourage domestic manufacture. Ordered

to be engrossed. Mr. Kahookaumaha read for the first time a bill to amend the road tax law, so that each day's task be apportioned out by the Road Supervisor. The bill

was rejected. The House went into Committee on the Peddlers' bill, and the petition on this subject from Honolulu. The bill, as passed, authorizes the Minister of the Interior to grant peddling licenses good for one year,

Mr. Weister moved that in accordance with the wishes of the Honolulu peticioners, the bill be tabled. Messrs. Kasuwai and Kamalo favored the bill for the reason that it would be a source of revenue to the Government, and a benefit to the several districts where there were not any or but few stores. Messrs. Widemann, Nuuanu and Kaunane, against the bill, contended that it would induce stealing and afford a market for stolen goods; that it would injure the stores which paid high for their licenses; that these stores were sufficiently well distributed throughout hospital and the treatment they might receive there, the districts of the Islands, and that it would induce and, in place thereof, instill a confidence in such inthe people to squander their money in silks and use-ess articles of apparel. After a long and spirited concluded to remove all the physical evils in the

debate the bill passed its second reading by an over- downward course of this terrible sin and curse of whelming majority.

Mr. Harris' bill to lessen the number of persons necessary to be drawn on the jury panel, and otherwise amending the jury laws, passed its second reading. Adjourned. TWENTIETH DAY-MAY 24. A petition was read from Honolulu; that petitions

and they only have the power to table them; that any member moving to table a petition be expelled by the constituency. This petition met with the same unhappy table fate, so deplored by the peti-From Kohala, Hawaii; against the validity of the lection of the member from that District; and another claiming the election as valid. From Moanalua, Oahu; that the Legislature meet

presented to the House of Representatives be not laid

in the table, but that they be passed on to the Nobles

every year; that poor people be exempt from costs of ourts; that the road tax be reduced to \$1; respecting building houses and cutting trees on Konohiki lands; to reduce the horse license to \$2. The following bills passed their third reading Mr. Webster's bill amending Section 517 of the Civil Code, by striking out the words, "machinery of all kinds, if intended for specific use." Mr. Web-

ster's bill admitting plate and pig iron duty free. Mr. Kipi's bill for granting peddlers licenses. And Mr. Harris' bill to lessen the number of persons necessary to be drawn on the jury panel, and otherwise amending the jury laws.

Mr. Harris' amended bill providing for the appoint-

ment of an Attorney General for the Kingdom, passed its first reading, and was ordered to be printed. Mr. Dowsett's bill amending the law respecting he punishment of women who become pregnant by fornication or adultery. Mr. Dowsett argued for the bill, that the fear of being punished under the law as it now stood, induced women who had become pregnant by illicit intercourse to cause the abortion of the children of which they were pregnant. Messrs. Rhodes, Kamalo and Kauwai also supported the bill. Messrs. Kanpa and Kauhane argued against it on the ground that the alteration of the present law would lead to worse evils. The bill was tabled by a vote of 13 to 12. Adjourned.

TWENTY FIRST DAY-MAY 26.

Petitions were presented from Waialua, Oahu, to legalize distilleries; to reduce the borse tax to 50 ents, and mule-tax to 25 cents; to exempt scholars from personal taxes; for repeal of the stallion law; to reduce salaries of government officers; that produce be taken in payment for taxes; and that rich

persons pay \$5 road-tax. Mr. Wideman read, the first time, a bill providing that liquors be not consumed on the premises of wholesafe venders; also providing that the wholesale vending of spirituous liquors shall consist of selling n quantities not less than one gallon or one dozen

quart bottles. By motion of Mr. Baldwin, the vote on the bill amending the law relating to women who become pregnant by illicit intercourse, was reconsidered, and the bill ordered for to-morrow.

The House went into committee to debate the najority and minority reports of the Judiciary Comittee presented the fourth day of the session, especting the repeal of the Prostitution Act. Mr. Moku moved to adopt the majority report recommending its repeal, on the ground of its being a hypocri-tical law. Messra. Hitchcock and Kaapa, favored the repeal of the law. Messrs. Dowsett, Harris, Kaakua and Kaauwai, arguing to the contrary. The matter still pending, the House adjourned. As the above subject was more fully debated the next day, we reserve for the report of that day, the

arguments used for and against the law. TWENTY SECOND DAY-MAY 27. Petitions were presented, from Honolulu; against the amendments to the Constitution; that Dr. Judd se appointed Minister of Finance; against allowing he Kilauca to come into port on Sunday; relating to he Sheriff and Jailor of Honolulu-tabled.

From Kona, Hawaii; for amendment to law punishng women who become pregnant by illicit intercourse; and for amendment to the road tax law. From Wailuku, Maui; to legalize distilleries-tabled; that astray animals be published in newspapers -tabled; that physicians practice without charge, the government paying them-tabled.

From Samuela, of Waimea, Kauai, that \$64 expended by him on a government pound, be refunded. Mr. Rhodes asked, to make some explanations. He said, that he had heard with some astonishment, that there were some offensive expressions, that occurred in the petition from Honolula, signed by 387 Catholics. He knew something about the petition, the framer, and he might say of the signers than to express offensive sentiments towards any person or persons. The petitioners in question thought, they were asking for their rights and nothing more; that he had made enquiries into the matter, and this was its history. The petition was written in English and translated into the native language; a fair copy, or from this translation-it was taken by a native who is not a Catholic. In the English version the expression was used, "easy occurrence," which was translated "puka wale," but which the copyist altered to "apuka wale," which last expression, when the two were collated, escaped notice. Mr. Rhodes again disclaimed for the petitioners any intention of ffense, and produced the originals of the petition in

question to corroborate his words. The House went into committee on the motion to accept the majority report on the Prostitution Act. Mr. Kaauwai argued long and strenuously in favor of the act; he wished further to have it amended so that its provisions would apply alike to all the Islands; he thought it uncon-titutional to have a law granting the blessing of health to only the females of a certain locality, and not of the whole group; and that sufficient time had not elapsed to test the law. Mr. Harris spoke in favor of the Act thus: much ad been said and written about this law; but the question is has the law done harm to any one or has it done something to reduce the amount of disease in the country. It is said, that the law recognizes a class of people earning their living by the most disreputable of means. Suppose it does, is it not a fact hat such a people do exist among us? Does their existence as a class depend upon this law, or did they exist here before the passage of the Act? Will any one deny that Prostitution has been a fearful evil in this country and has drawn after it the most fatal evils; that the diseases following it have not only been the source of great personal misery, but have destroyed, and are destroying the means of reproduction in the nation. The nation is dying out, and it behooves us not to theorize but to adopt a course that may pre-

vent the extinction of a race, and prevent the coun try from becoming absolutely desolate. Does the law shelter any one in their sins? Are not the laws against fornication and adultery still in force? So far from sheltering such persons, it compels all who live by this disreputable means to register themselves; so that any one who feels that morality is promoted by punishment, may have an opportunity to find out the offenders and bring them before the justice, and have them punished to their heart's content. We find that by Section 2 of this law, all those persons who live in this way and are not registered, may be imprisoned during sixty days, even without an actual nmission of the offense of fornication being proved them. Hence this law imposes a greater restraint a the subjects of this law than they would labor under without it. But say the opponents of this bill, why should the public bear the expense of curing hese people? For the same reason that the public bore the expense of curing and preventing the spread of the small pox, which was extinguishing the life of he people not more surely, if more slowly, than this disease. Because the public is always compelled to bear the burthens of the sins and crimes of its members; and hence it becomes necessary for society to essen the evils of those sins as much as possible. In and of the Cyprian are not taken from them, and sent to the schools and asylams supported at the

public expense, for the purpose of relieving the dissolute parent; but to prevent the spread of crime and people are taken care of, not for themselves, but for ourselves. If testimony is to be behaved, the law has done some good; for the physicians of the counter against the distribution of the physicians of the counter against the distribution of the many and Delaware for the emancipation of them with, or convert them into steam vessels. ignorance in the community. So likewise diseased try assure us that since it went into operation, disease the slaves in those States It provides that if they has lessened; and if so, the subject is of sufficient importance to justify legislation. Mr. Hitchcock sympathized with any signs of phianthropy manifested by the bill whose repeal or future existence was the subject of debate. But the argued terior to grant pedding licenses good for one year, at \$25 per license; the applicant to present a certificate from the Sheriff of the Island on which he interesting the self-self from the Sheriff of the Island on which he interesting that he is a proper person to receive a peddling license; and to give a bond in the penal sum of \$200, with sufficient surety, that he will not self or furnish spirituous liquors, nor be the receiver of stolen property; and the licensee must, on pain of forfeiture of his license, report himself.

Existence was the subject of debate. But the argued of six per centum per annum, to such an amount, to such an amount, to such an amount, to such an amount, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum per annum, to such an amount of six per centum to holds he in such person belos to two houndred and fifty dollars for each slave emancipated. We like this proposition very much. It accords that aid which the people of the United States are willing to will enable said States to make compensation to hundred. We like this proposition very much. It accords that aid which the people of the United States are willing to stand per annum, to such an amount equal to two hundred. We like this proposition very much. It accords

on pain of forfeiture of his license, report himself ing law, brings prostitution under the protecting once in each month to the District Judge in whose | mgis of government, instead of being followed by the district he may happen to be in at the expiration of avenging Nemesis of the law. All physical evils are the month, unless prevented by unforeseen circum- carefully removed from this hot bed of vile passions stances : and, further, the bill provides that no ac- so that there need be no restraint in the gratification tion for an amount greater than five dollars can be of these passions. In effect it is Prostitution made entertained in any court of the kingdom, to recover | easy. 3d .- As long as it is thus protected by governpayment for any goods sold by peddlers. The act to ment, the evil will not, and cannot cease to exist. It is as if a standard was raised, by law, around which the hosts of evil passions might rally awaiting a fit leader to array them against the forces of virtue and morality. 4th .- As far as the care of disease is concerned, it has usurped the province of a hospital. It is not so much the province of government to single out one disease, and make that the subject for special legislation, as it is, by a general act and tax, to establish a government hospital where all diseases might COMMISSION MERCHANTS, be treated, irrespective of their source. It is better to combat and dispel the fear which natives have of the

Mr. Dowsett supported the minority report, as also the law leasmuch as from personal observation it had answered the purpose for which it was intended, viz: to "mitigate the evils and doeases" arising from prostitution. And further, he thought the party to whom the execution of the law was entrusted should be vested with power to compel registered women, who had left Honefuln for other islands or districts, to return. Said he, Honefuln is the principal scaport of the group, where a large proportion of the population congregate, i where the law ought first to be put in operation; and being tain-head of disease, the check to its spread must be m effectual. It appears that some members construe the law authorizing authory and fornication, and therefore wish repealed. I do not agree with them, and think their judgme erraneous; the petitions presented to the House, and on which are founded the reports, are from remote districts, where it inhabitants have not the remotest idea or insight into the reworking of the law. So far as being an injury to such districts, the law in fact is beneficial, inasmuch as it prevents the spread of disease to such districts—and if the executor of the law was wested with the power before mentioned, the benefit would be still greater. It is a mistaken idea that diseased women will g to the hospital for treatment—most of them will not, unless forced, and who is to know who should be patients if no law is in existence to discover them. Society prohibits this subject, and that may be a reason why some of the pule sisters objected to having these dusky and "despised daughters of fruity" admitted into the Queen's Hospital. Some may say, very properly too, what claim have these creatures to sympathy or kindness? Are they not erring and despised mortals, and ought not charity to be extended to them, when tens of thousands of the same class are found in the lands of the pale faces. Mr. Rhodes spoke in favor of the law—that it was said by the member from Molokai, that it had been proclaimed in this house that the laws ought not to touch this crime, (formeation,) he was the member who, with some slight reservation, advocated this course, not because he favored vice, but because it was impossible to enforce the law—no man could scoop out the water casing to enforce the inw—no man count scoop out the water rom the harbor of Honolulu with his hands, and the police ould not be taken from their regular avocations to ferret out adividual cases of occurrence of this crime; but if any law ould be passed by which a husband, father, mother, brother or

sister could seek redress for the seduction of any senale member of their family, he for one would consent to make the punish-ment heavy on the male offender.

The health of the people is the highest human law known to nan, and descended to us from time immemorial, and should take precedence to all except those which were of Divine origin, and it was our bounden duty to protect innecent people from the effects of the vices of others; it was to protect the virtuous, the innocent child and mother, that this law was made, and not to protect the victious females of Honolulu. One of the members ad said, that there were at least a thousand petitioners agains this law. That was no reason why the law should be repealed for they did not know what the consequences would be. The effect of the law, as it exists, is to check the leathsome disease but if it is repealed, disease will be again spread broadcast or the land. Many gentlemen were adepts in Bible dectrine, but they seemed to forget that the Saviour went about doing good and curing the sick, without asking whether the people he cured were saints or sinners. The same gentleman had said, that this disease should not be specially treated more than any other, but that persons effected with it should be sent to the hospital. He differed from that gentleman—and as the small pox patients were not sent to the hospital, so neither should these be. Messrs, Widemann, Nuuanu and Kankua supported the law. Messrs, Baldwin, Alapai, Moku and Pomaikai arguing for its

repeal.

After a long and sharp debate, the majority report, recommending the repeal of the law, was carried 15 to 8. Adjourned.

FOREICN NEWS!

Telegraphic.

Curcago, April 30-P. M.-Local paragraphs in the Norfolk Day Book mention that a very small supply of eatables is exposed for sale, and say it becomes | thority. a question of great moment as to where and how people are to be fed.

The death of Samuel B. Todd, brother of Mrs. Lincoln, is announced. He died on the battle field, from the effects of wounds received at Shelah [Pittsburg Landing] in the action of April 7th. [Todd was a ed that they will adopt a parallel course, and will violent Rebel, (the more so because he was a brother of Mrs. Lincoln,) and a Major in Jeff. Davis' army. -Eds. Call.

The President sent a message to the Senate, to-day, saying he caused the arrest of General Stone on sufficient grounds, and was alone responsible for the same. The reason stated for continued delay in Stone's trial was, that witnesses and officers necessary to constitute a Court were now in front of the enemy. The is estimated, if it were solid, gold, weigh 800 tons, of President states that he will have his trial as soon as | the value of £104,000,000 sterling. it is compatible with the public interest.

New York, 30th .- A letter from Washington, yesterday, states that most positive information has been received from the vicinity of Memphis Cotton, in immense quantities, was being destroyed in that active execution. Pettsburg Landing, April 29.—Our advance after | tion.

a slight skirmish this morning with the Rebels, in which we captured several prisoners, occupied Pea Ridge, and shortly after occupied Monterey, 12 or 14 miles from Corinth. On the 18th, two Louisiana regiments, whose term

had expired, but who were required by the Conscription Act to serve two years longer, laid down their arms and refused to fight. They were put under and that nothing was further from the thoughts of arrest. Deserters say it was not known in the Rebel camps that Gen. Halleck was in command here. Washington, April 29 .- A dispatch from General Halleck says, it is the unanimous opinion that Gen. it is highly palatable as a beverage, it is unequalled as a tonic

and contributed largely to the victory of the 7th.

He was in the thickest of the fight. He had three what was supposed to be a fair copy, was then taken ed twice. He respectfully recommends that he be made a Major General of Volunteers. the direction of Fort Wright all Monday night and on Tuesday. No vessel has arrived from the fleet to health. Sold by Druggists and dealers everywhere. since Monday noon. The damage to property and stock in the vicinity of New Madrid by the flood is immense. Hundreds of houses on the river bank were submerged, and thousands of cattle, sheep and hogs were washed away. All along the river there

> foot of the fortifications, was overflowed. The town of Hickman is also suffering. The fortifications at Island No. 10 are still above water, except the upper HARRISBURG, Va., April 28.—Through Secession channels we learn that the Governor of North Carolina was arrested and imprisoned in Richmond, two

is a very great suffering in consequence of the unpre-

Advices from the Department of the Shenandoah, received to-day, state that General Banks, notwithstanding bad roads, is continuously pushing forward towards Staunton, being now within a few miles of that place. It is doubted whether Jackson will make a stand at that point, as he feared being flanked by

a column from the mountains. FORT LEAVENWORTH, April 29 .- A circular, just published by Gen. Stargis, says the arrest of Col. Jennison was made at the earnest request of his immediate commanding officers, who charge him with the most grave and serious charges known to

IRON-CLAD VESSELS .- It is stated that England is now building fifteen iron-clad vessels of war, France fourteen, Spain five and Austria two. The United States have already built, contracted for or proposed, the Monitor; the Galena, built at Mystic; a powerful vessel at Philadelphia; the Adirondack; the Steven's battery; the Naugaluck, built by Stevens; twenty iron-clad gunboats ordered by Congress; twenty iron-clad frigates, and an iron ram, recommended by the Senate Naval Committee ; two gun-

think, the Galena, are now in the field. BRITISH OPINION OF AMERICAN SOLDIERS -LORD Lyons and the Prince de Joinville, accompanied by a large number of ladies and members of the diplomatic grand review of Gen. McDowell's Division, together the Company, or if they do, to have only the same vote as with several British Colonels of note, and officers of the Coldstream Grenadier Guards, of Canada. Gen. McClellan, with his entire staff was on the field, and Steam Navigation Company, at a fair valuation. was everywhere received with the utmost enthusiasm.

The British officers expressed great surprise at the and to grant the new Company a subsidy for carrying the mails, superior stature, drill, and general appearance of the men, and declared the troops to be unexcelled in al! and to be allowed also to own and run schooners if they choose: the elements of efficiency. Lord Lyons expressed the greatest admiration of the fine physique of the men, and regarded them as the finest troops he had ever 4th—To run the "Kilauea" in the meantime, as long as she seen. It was plain, however, that the foreign military men did not consider the officers, as a class, equal

shall pass acts for this purpose within two years, perty. As an average the amount proposed is not equal to what the slave owners would estimate, but it is as much as ought to be given in those States where slavery is a decaying institution.

Pasturage.

212-1v

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NEW YORK. BARNUM W. FIELD. WILLIAM B. RICE. European Items.

The Rebel Commissioners are still persevering in their efforts at Paris and London for recognition, but

receive the cold shoulder. Paris is violently agitated by strong legislative discussions and meetings of unemployed laborers. A supposed conspiracy has been discovered, followed by two hundred arrests, including several prominent journalists.

Victor Emanuel's cabinet resigned, and a new one was formed, headed by signor Ratazzi. Armor-plated ships and floating batteries continued to be the prominent topics.

It was vaguely rumored that England had made a diplomatic recommendation to France in favor of the withdrawal of the French troops from Rome.

It is questioned if the Emperor Napoleon will go

to the Great Exhibition at London; and it is asserted that if he does he will be strictly incog. Garibaldi had gone to Bosnia. It was reported that his nomination as Commander in-Chief of the National Guards was decided.

The Hongkong (China) correspondent of the London Times, writing in March, reports that a Confederate privateer had been fallen in with on the coast of Borneo. The correspondent says that this is particularly unfortunate for American shipping, as the Federal Government has not a single war vessel of any description in these waters except the Saginaw, and she is rotten.

In Great Britain a deputation of the anti-Slavery Society presented an address on the 16th to Mr. Adams, the American Minister, in which the hope is expressed that the restoration of the Union will be founded on abolition-the true cause of the strife. Mr. Adams's reply is described as having been satisfactory to the deputation.

Pius IX, is at this moment causing a sepulchre to be built in the Church of Santa Maria Maggiore, similar to those which exist in the churches of S Peter and St. John de Lateran, it being, it is said, his intention to be interred there himself. It is in the church of Santa Maria, that the Popes Pius V., Sixtus V. and Clement VIII, are interred. That church seems the most fit to be the tomb of the Pontiff who proclaimed the doctrines of the Immaculate Conception of the Holy Virgin.

The Warrior cost £354,885, as follows: the hull, £251,646; the engines, £71,875; masts and rigging, £18,535; and fittings and alterations, £12,829. Total, £354,885.

A French correspondent of a London paper, states that Lord Brougham is much respected by the inhabitants of Cannes; "but the lower orders cannot make out how so great a millionaire should persist in wearing a hat for which no one in his senses would give a couple of centimes."

For the first time after fifty years' continuance, the annual Te Deum in Russia, commemorative of the French disasters in the winter of 1812 and the retreat from Moscow, has ceased by sovereign au-

The determination of the Prussian Government to use the German language, instead of the French, as the medium for diplomatic communication, has produced some perplexing results. It is said that the envoys of Russia, Holland, and Sweden, have declarmake their communications to the Berlin Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Russian, Dutch and Swedish.

It is said that an absurd contribution to the Great Exhibition will be sent from Australia in the shape of an obelisk, or pyramid, representing what would be the size of a nugget of all the gold sent thence to Europe during the last ten years. This pyramid, 10 feet square at the base, and 42 feet hight, would, it

Special Notices.

STENCIL PLATES.-The undersigned is section. It is now past any question that the destruction of the prepared to fill all orders for Firm Plates, Plantation Plates | mo.erate prices, will continue to be offered for sale tive plan of the Rebels, long desired, is being put | Case or Bale Places on short notice. All orders left at A. D Cartwright's Grocery and Feed Store, will receive prompt atten-

A. F. & A. M.-LE PROGERS DE L'OCEANIE LOSS No. 124, under the jurisdiction of the Supreme Coun-cal of the Grand Central Lodge of France, working in the ancient Scotch Rite, holds its regular meetings on the Wednesday nearest the full moon of each month, at the old Lodge Room, in King street. Visiting brethren respectfully invited August 18. [307-3m] P. C. JONES, Secretary.

CALIFORNIANS SHOULD TEST THE merits of DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. While erman saved the fortunes of the day on the 6th, and invigorator. In the pursuit of fortune at the mines, many persons are exposed to the attacks of complaints of the digestive organs, and of various kinds of fever. It is the very article that horses shot from under him, an i was himself wound- has so long been in demand at the mines. Its daily use will restore the tone of a decanced stomach, impart fresh vitality to the digestive functions, and cheer the spirits. Yet the Bitters CAIRO, April 30 .- Arrivals from New Madrid re- is the safest of all stimulants. Let the miner who is exposed to port that heavy and continuous firing was heard in | hot and dry, wet and cold, be certain to obtain a supply of the genuine Hostetter Bitters, and he will find it a certain safeguard

> STORE TO LET! ZHA THE STORE AT PRESENT OCCUpied by Messrs. Segelken as a Tin Shop, in Nuuanu, street, next door to the undersigned. Possession will be

cedented flood. The whole of Columbus, up to the MESSES. NOLTE & KRUGER'S, Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED INTENDS TO LEAVE this Kingdom for a short time; therefore all persons indebted to him will please to call and settletheir accounts; likewise weeks ago, on account of the Union sentiments he all those having claims against him, will please to present them Honolulu, April 1, 1862-306-2m

FOR SALE! BY THE UNDERSIGNED

QR. CASKS ROCHELLE BRANDY. American Whisky, in 5-gallon kegs,
London Jockey Club Gin, in 1 doz. cases,
Alcabol, in 5-gallon tins,
Casks superior "Duff Gordon" Sherry,
Cases Jamalea Rune (genuine.) 1 doz. each,
"Pale Martell Brandy, 1 " "
"Dark" " 1 " "
"Champagne, 1 " "

Ale and Porter, Champagne Cider, Sherry, in cases,

Liquiurs, Cordials, &c. TP Particular attention paid to the requirements of Shipping, ods put on board duty free.

PROSPECTUS.

boats ordered by Massachusetts—making forty-nine in all. Of these the Mouitor, Naugatuck, and we think, the Galena, are now in the field.

THE HAWAHAN STEAM AND GENER-INCOMPANY, CAPITAL

IT IS PROPOSED TO FORM A NEW Company, under the above title, on the following basis: 1st. -The Company to consist principally of all the Sugar Shareholders with less interest.

but the schooners to have no special privileges. The Company pays her expenses, or until she can be sold, when a suitable boat to be purchased or ordered, such as the Company may decide

there shall be delivered to the authorities of those States the bonds of the United States, payable twentyfive years after date, and bearing interest at the rate of six per centum per annum, to such an amount as ing up the shares is, besides the evident one of interesting the

> effect unless by consent of the Shareholders.
>
> No cash advances will be required by Shareholders, as the approved notes of any Pianter, Merchant, or citizen will be have for the property to be purchased.
>
> No one applying for shares will be bound to take them, until he approves of the steps taken, and resolutions passed at the first meeting of the subscribers, the date of which will be duly advertised; and if he does not approve of same, he can with-Applications for shares will be received by the undersigned in the form hereto annexed. It is proposed that no one firm or individual be allowed to take more than \$3000 interest in the new Company, or if they do, that they will have the same num-

ber of votes as a Shareholder, holding \$3000 stock. All applications for shares will be granted in the order they are received by the undersigned.

W. L. GREEN, Secretary to the Hawaiian Steam and General Inter-Island Navigation Co. (Term of application for Shares.)

Sin: —We will thank you to enter our names for \$..........
of stock in the Hawaiian Steam and General Inter-Island Navigation Company, on the understanding that we are allowed to withdraw our application, should the general course of action at the first meeting of the Subscribers not meet with our approbation, or the terms of payment not suit us.

W. L. GREEN, Secretary to the

Haw. Steam and General Inter-Island Navigation Co.

CELUDY AND OTHERS PRINCING ON | Rover Force Backs, Chain Stoppers, Sash Weights, Stove Plates

Shipping.

For VICTORIA, V. I.



THE STEAMER THAMES,

CAPTAIN. Now nearly due from London, will, after discharging part of her cargo here, have immediate dispatch for the above port. For freight and passage, apply to ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & STAPENHORST

Regular Hilo Packet!

THE SCHOONER Nottie Merrill. Will leave Honolulu for Hile. REGULARLY EVERY WEEK CABIN PASSAGE to or from Hilo

Sewing Machine. Grover & Baker's Improved Patent. I HAVE FOR SALE ONE OF

"Grover & Raker's" best Sewing Machines with all the new improvements, including the HEMMER ATTACHMENT.

HENRY ALLEN, Carpenter, Builder, Undertaker and

tall and Examine my Stock, before Purchasing Elsewhere, At my shop, opposite Cartwrights Feed Store,

NOTICE!

312-6m

Fort Street.

F. S. PRATT BEGS RESPECT that he has this day commenced the WINE & SPIRIT business in the Charling's Wharf, adjoining the Auction Roll of H. W. Severance, Esq. Lg intends to keep constantly on hand a choice assertment of Vines Spirits and Malt Liquors, imported direct the English and American Markets.

O cat care will be used in the ordering and selection of none uitshe best articles in his line, and he trusts by attention to the

wards of his customers to merit a share of public patronage.

The business of the concern will be conducted under the name F. S. PRATT & Co. -Who beg to refer to-G Brewer 2D, Esq.
Messys. Wilcox, Richards & Co.,
C. A. Williams & Co., Jaspalding, Esq.,

In nolulu, May 1, 1862 310 2m NOTICE. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PUR-Die; GOODS AND FANCY STORE on Fort Street, will cor are the same business, at the same place, on his own ac-

B. F. EHLERS. Henolulu, April 7, 1862. WINES, SPIRITS AND MALT LIQUORS CONSTANTLY ON HAND, AND FOR SALE BY

F. S. PRATT & CO. THE FOLLOWING ASSORTMENT OF the above, consisting of— Ale and Porter, in bottles, (various brands,) Draught Ale, in bhds., Best Pale Brandy, in quarter and eighth casks, Cases Cognac, 1 dozen each, London Jockey Club Gin, Port, Sherry, and Claret Wines,

Irish, Scotch and American Whisky,

Old Tom, Absynthe, Cordials,

And a general assortment of Choice Articles usually found a similar establishments in Europe and the United States. For Sale!

THE FINE A 1 SCREW STEAMER 414 66-95 Tons per Register,

DUILT BY PAUL CURTIS, BOSTON. MASS., in 1860. Has two engines, 26 inch cylinder, and 3 feet stroke, constructed at the Atlantic works, Boston and all in perfect order; one return flue-boiler, in excellent order, as per report of Surveyors, dated May 5, appointed by the Minister of the Interior, copy of which is annexed hereto. This beat is now, and has been for the last eighteen months, running in the inter-island trade, for which she was built, but being found too arge for the purpose, will be sold at a moderate figure.

She has handsome and solidly finished cabins, a spar-deck over all, and will carry a large number of passengers or cattle in her 'tween decks, besides 150 tons of general cargo in her held, and about 150 tons coal in her bunkers. Speed, between seven and eight knots under steam alone, with a consumption of only five tons of good fuel in 24 hours, being fitted with a super-heating apparatus, variable cut off, and all the modern improve-ments for saving fuel. She is rigged with two taunt masts, and arries two powerful fore-and-aft sails, besides a large squaresail on her foremast—and with her prepeller uncoupled, is a match for the smartest fore-and-afters. She would be ready to match for the smartest fore-and-afters. She would be ready to sail or steam to any part of the world at a few days notice. She is a remarkably well-built versel, iron-braced inside, coppered and copper-fastened, and will bear the most thorough and searching examination in every detail. For price and further particulars, apply to JANION, GREEN CO., 312-1f Agents Hawaiian Steam Navigation Company.

COPY. Honotette, 5th May, 1862. To His Royal Highness, Peince Lot Kamehameha, Minister of the Interior, &c., &c.,

We, the undersigned, have, at your request, examined the

In the first place, we consider it to be a stout and strong well-built Boiler. In fact, owing to the great quantity of stay, and braces inside, to give it additional strength, has caused, in our opinion, unequal expansion and contraction, which has caused the Plate of the Fire Bex to crack, and the necessity of putting on several patches, which make it as good and strong if not stronger than ever. Many may suppose that the cause o patching arese from thin places, burnt thin on account of the large quantities of scale and sediment in the Boiler, but such is not the case. As the Boiler now is clean and clear of all scale and sediment as it is possible for it to be, and we have no hesitation in giving our opinion that, with the same good care it has hitherto received, it will last good and strong several years (Signed) STHOMAS HUGHES, Engineer.

RECEIVED PER RECENT ARRIVALS.

A Place in Thy Memory Autumnal Leaves
Art Hints, Archetecture, Sculpture and Painting
American Shepherd Avoidable Causes of Disease Arctic Explorations-by Dr. Kane, 2 vols. Arctic Explorations—by Dr. Kane, 2 vols.
Aragoe's Biographys — Amelia—by Henry Fielding
American Poets — A Hunter's life in Africa,
A Help to Printers and Publishers — Agnes
A Common Place Book of Thoughts, Memories & Fancies
Aurelian—by Wm. Ware — Aliis Ealgani
A Trip to Cuba—Dama — Autographs for Freedom
A Commenters on the Fristle of St. Inde mentary on the Epistle of St. Jude A Book about Doctors Against Wind and Tide A Visit to Madacascar—by Ida Pf-iffer A visit to madacascar—by Ida Pfeiller
Appleton's Modern Atlas Alexander Smith's Poems
Bingham's Sandwich Islands Bye and Bye
Blates' Sandwich Islands Byron's Poetical Works
Burke on the Sublime and Beautiful Beulah
Book of Benefactors Balloon Travels in Europe
Backbard's Consension Buck of Benefactors Balloon Travels in Europe Buckland's Curiosities of Natural History Buds and Blossoms Bayard Taylor's Travels Bleak House—by Chas. Dickens Brimley's Es Book of Common Prayer, gilt edges, Bacon's E Bacon's Essays Buffon's Natural History, 8 vo. cloth Battlefields of the American Revolution Coleridge's Works Confessions of an Inquirer Cruden's Concordance to the Holy Scriptures Country Life—a hand book of Horticulture, Agriculture and Landscape Gardening Carolina Sports

Cranmer and his Times Cowper's Poetical Works Christian Melodies Chapel of St. Mary's Country Rambles and Bargains of a Journalist Campbell's Kenyon, Ellenborough, Tenterden
Com. Perry's Expedition to Japan Cousin Nicholas
Complete Letter Writer Chesterfield's Letters to his Son
Carlyle's Frederick the Great, Past and Present, and
French Revolution Combe's Constitution of Man The following of Cooper's works: The Pilot, The Last of the Mohicans,

The Bravo. Lionel Lincoln, The Wept of Wish-ton-Wish. Dora Barton the Banker's Ward Dyer's Co Dr. Oldham at Greystones Dickens' new St Domestic Economy Duff's Book-keeping Daring Deeds of American Heroes Du Chaillu's new work on Africa Douglas Jerrold's Wit 1 Dyer's Companion Dickens' new Stories

Enterprise, Industry and Art of Man
Evan Harrington, or he would be a Gentleman
Expositions of Entional Medicines
El Fureides Essays of Elice For sale by H. M. WHITNEY.

AUCTION BALES

BY J. H. COLE.

THIS DAY! At 10 o'clock, A. M., at Sales Room,

General Merchandise! Consisting in part of

Cases English Ale, Cases English Hams Nests painted Tubs. Coils Hemp Rope. Boxes Salt Water Soap, Boxes Eng. Bro. Soap, Cases Brandy Peaches, Kegs Dried Apples Nests China Clothes Baskets, Kegs Sugar, Bags China Rice, A Lot of BOOKS!

Household Furniture! REAL ESTATE!

1 HAND CART, &c., &c.

ON SATURDAY.

AT AUCTION:

MAY...... 31, AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M., At the Cottage Residence on the corner of Punch Bowl Street

and Palace Walk, will be sold, The Entire Furniture of the House, I complete set Cottage Furniture,

Burcaus, Sofas, Cottage Chairs, Office Chairs, Hair seat Rockers, Wood seat Rockers, Koa Center Table. Kon Extension Table, Tea Poys, Washstands Vases, Pictures, Solar Lamps, Side Saddle Ladies Saddle Horse, 1 SUPERIOR PLANO. 1 Lot Music, Piano Stools, &c., &c., &c.

Immediately after the above,

THE HOUSE & LOT! The House being nearly new, and the grounds well fer with water laid on. TITLE FEE SIMPLE.

NEW GOODS: AT AUCTION : ON WEDNESDAY.

JUNE.....4th, At 10 o'clock, A. M., at Sales Room, Will be sold . ANOTHER CHOICE VARIETY OF

NEW GOODS! Consisting of White Cotton. White Shirts, Brown Cotten, Blue Flannel Shirts. Hickory Stripes, Red Flannel Shirts, Fancy Prints, Pilot Cloth Shirts. Fancy Muslin, Fine Wool Shirts. Regatta Shirts, Pant Stuff,

Card Matches, &c., &c., &c. And a variety of SUNDRIES!

Ladies Shawls

Traveling Shirts.

Immediately after the above, THE MARKET BUILDING! Situated on the Esplanade, and lately occupied by Capt. Robt



EXPERIENCE LEADS THE UNDER-

iring his recent visit to the States, a COMPLETE ASSORTMENT Of BOOTS & SHOES, Superior to any in in This Market. JUST RECEIVED!

Per Arctic, George Washington and via San Francisco. Which will be SOLD LOW, at the old stand, corner Fort and

J. H. WOOD. N. B.—A small lot Benkert's quilted Soled Boots. 367-2m RECEIVED

PER SPEEDWELL! 50 BBLS. EXTRA SUPERFINE FAM-For sale at the Family Grocery and Feed Store. A. D. CARTWRIGHT. 100 BBLS. BAKERS' EXTRA FLOUR. iden Gate Milis, at the Family Grocery and Feed A. D. CARTWRIGHT

50 BARRELS SUPERFINE FLOUR, EW CALIFORNIA CHEESE-VERY th, at the Family Grocery and Feed Store

A. D. CARTWRIGHT.

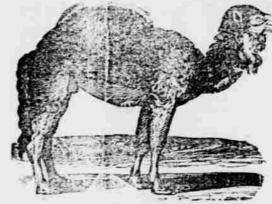
PRESH LAYER RAISINS,

Oyster crackers Jerny Lind cakes, At the Family Grocery and Feed Store.
A. D. CARTWRIGHT.

COME AND SEE SMALL PROFITS! QUICK SALES

JUST RECEIVED! Per "COMET!"

BEE HIVE STORE :



And as the Prices of Goods have so much advanced, to meet the times we must charge a small profit JUDGE OF THE ASSORTMENT WHEN OPEN. THE SELECTION IS WORTHY OF ATTENTION. JOHN THOS, WATERHOUSE.

Wrapping Paper. GROCER'S CROWN STRAW WRAP. ping Paper. Procer's Double Crown Wrapping Paper. Druggist's Manila Wrapping Paper.

PICTURE PROJE BOOK,

White

AUCTION

BY H. W. SEVERANCE. CENERAL SALE.

ON TUESDAY!

At 10 o'clock, A. M., at Sales Room,

MERCHANDISE!

Consisting in part of Clothing, Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes, Fancy Articles, Wooden Ware,

Bleached Cottons, White Lead, New Corn, Buckets, Hats, &c., &c., &c. And a great variety of Sundries.

CENERAL SALE.

THURSDAY! JUNE......5th,

At 10 o'clock, A. M., at Sales Reom, Will be sold :

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware. Groceries. Boots & Shoes, Furniture.

AND SUNDRIES.

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEGS LEAVE TO

Notice. CAKES, AND PASTRIES!

inform the public of Honolulu that he is, from this day-prepared to execute all orders for WEDDING and CHRIST-ENING CAKE; also, Parties, Balls and Private families wilbe supplied on most reasonable terms, with all kinds of French, German. English, and American PASTRIES in great variety. Every order will be promptly attended to by

F. HORN.

N. B.—Bitter Oranges, Lemons, Citrons, Bananas and Pohas 308-3m. **BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY!**

THE UNDERinform his friends and the public generally, that he is prepared to

MANUFACTURE BOOTS & SHOES

Of every description to order, in a thorough workmanlike man-ner. Having just received, and made arrangements for a con-stant supply of the best French calf skins, and every other discription of material necessary for manufacturing the best article, he feels confident that he can give good satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call. GEORGE CLARK,
Hotel Street, North West of Numanu. WHALING CRAFT AND GEAR.

Coopers' Tools, Patent Blocks, Tarred and Manila Cordage.

Hunting Powder, in 1 and 1 lb. tins. Linseed Oll, in Demijohns. le at (308-3m) MELO MELCHERS 4-Co.'s. 1 LARGE FIRE PROOF SAFE. Two small Fire proof Safes. One Iron Money Chest. r sale at (308-3m)

MELCHERS & Co.'s. WHISKY, in 10 gallon kegs, COGNAC, in 10 and 18 gallon kegs, JAMAICA RUM, in 5 and 10 gallon kegs, PALE ALE-Bass & Co.'s, in quarts,

J. C. Marzetti & Son's, in quarts, H. Deetjen's, in quarts, ALCOHOL, 96 per cent., in demijohns. For sale at RED, WHITE AND BLUE

TINION NOTE AND LETTER PAPER S. H. DOWSETT, OFFERS FOR SALETHE CARGO OF THE

BARKENTINE CONSTITUTION. Just Received From Teekalet, W. T.

ROUGH N. W. BOARDS, Pickets. Timber.
Matched flooring pine boards,

Firewood! FUREWOOD! FOR SALE AT Very Rea-

And scantling of all sizes, at the lowest market rates. 309 2m

ART UNION PICTURES! A SET OF FIVE OF THESE MAGNIFI-CENT PICTURES, for sale, singly or together. Apply to H. M. WHITNEY-

Notice of Lis Pendens! A LL PERSONS ARE HEREBY CAUTIONED against bargaining or negotiating with DANIEL
MONTGOMERY for the estate known as the Purloa Salt Works,
or purchasing any of the stock or furniture belonging to or now
being on the said estate, or purchasing the household furniture
being in the houses on said estate, as the said property is mine,
and I have commenced a suit in the Supreme Court to recover
the same. Any person bargaining with the said Daniel Montgomery, relative to the said property, will do so at his own risk.

ISAAC MONTGOMERY.

Honolulu, May 1, 1862.

311-1m

HORSE SHOEING! Prices Greatly Reduced

WM. DUNCAN'S. OWING TO THE HARD TIMES, the undersigned is prepared to Shoe Horses, and do all other work in his line at greatly reduced prices from former charge.

T. All work warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

WM. DUNCAN,

King Street, opposite the Station House

W. D. also begs respectfully to return thanks to the public, who have so long patronised him, and hopes for a continuance 311-2m JUST RECEIVED!

SOME OF WHICH ARE DIRECT FROM FAMILY GROCERY & FEED STORE!

Dried Apples, Dried Peaches,

....ALSO.... Received per "Comet!" California Cream Cheese, Corn Starch. California Pilot Bread,

Soda Cracker Jenny Lind Cakes, Smoked Beef, California Gherkins, Split Peas, No. 1 China Rice, Pecan Nuts,

309-3m A. D. CARTWRIGHT. BEST FIREWOOD! Constantly on Hand.

RECEIVED FROM MAUL AND KAUAL, on the premises of the undersigned, and for sale by 305-3m von HOLT & HECCK. NOTICE.

DURING MY ABSENCE FROM THE Sandwich Islands, I have appointed Chung Hoon, by power of Attorney, as my agent.

Honolulu, April I, 1862. (356-2m) ACHUCK. Mat Bags. Mat Bags.

FOR SALE ABOUT 1000 KAUAI MADE good substantial Mat Bags, for Sugar or Salt, at von HOLT & HEUCK'S.

For sale low by H M. WHITNEY TIO'S, Acknowledgments, and all other instrumen